

SAFETY DATA SHEET FRC GENERAL PURPOSE FLUX REMOVER - FLUX REMOVER C, AEROSOL

According to the Occupational Safety and Health (Classification, Labelling and Safety Data Sheet of Hazardous Chemicals) Regulations 2013, as amended.

SECTION 1: identification of the hazardous chemical and of the supplier

Product identifier

Product name FRC GENERAL PURPOSE FLUX REMOVER - FLUX REMOVER C, AEROSOL

Product number MCC-FRC, MCC-FRC101, MCC-FRC105, MCC-FRC10Y

Synonyms; trade names "FRC-Flux Remover C, Defluxer"

Recommended use of the substance or mixture and restrictions on use

Identified uses Cleaning agent.

Uses advised against No specific uses advised against are identified.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier MICROCARE ASIA PTE LTD

102E, Pasir Panjang Road,

Citilink, #05-06, Singapore 118529 (65) 6271.0182

techsupport@microcare.com

Manufacturer MICROCARE LLC

595 John Downey Drive New Britain, CT 06051 United States of America

CAGE: OATV9

Tel: +1 800-638-0125, +1 860-827-0626

techsupport@microcare.com

Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone INFOTRAC +65 3163 5349 (SINGAPORE)

1-352-323-3500 (from anywhere in the world)

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification

Physical hazards Aerosol 1 - H222, H229

Health hazards Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 Repr. 1B - H360 STOT SE 1 - H370 STOT SE 3 -

H336 STOT RE 1 - H372 Asp. Haz 1 - H304

Environmental hazards Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412

Label elements

Pictogram







Signal word

Danger

Hazard statements

H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child.

H370 Causes damage to organs.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

P210 Keep away from heat/ sparks/ open flames /hot surfaces - No smoking.

P251 Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

P261 Avoid breathing vapour/ spray. P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50oC/122oF.

P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.

Supplemental label

information

EUH210 Safety data sheet available on request. RCH001a For use in industrial installations

only.

Contains trans-1,2-DICHLOROETHYLENE, Methanol

Supplementary precautionary

statements

P260 Do not breathe spray.

P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink, or smoke when using this product.

P308+P311 IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.

P405 Store locked up.

Other hazards

SECTION 3: Composition and information of the ingredients of the hazardous chemical

Mixtures

trans-1,2-DICHLOROETHYLENE

10-30%

CAS number: 156-60-5

Classification

Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Acute Tox. 4 - H332 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H336 Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412

1,1,1,3,3-PENTAFLUOROBUTANE

10-30%

CAS number: 406-58-6

Classification

Flam. Liq. 2 - H225

1,1,1,2,2,3,4,5,5,5-decafluoropentane

10-30%

CAS number: 138495-42-8

Classification

Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412

HFC-134a Tetrafluoroethane

10-30%

CAS number: 811-97-2

Classification

Press. Gas, Liquefied - H280

METHANOL 1-5%

CAS number: 67-56-1

Classification

Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Acute Tox. 3 - H301 Acute Tox. 3 - H311

Acute Tox. 3 - H331 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 Repr. 1B - H360

STOT SE 1 - H370

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

Composition comments

The data shown are in accordance with the latest EC Directives.

Composition

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

Description of first aid measures

General information Get medical attention if any discomfort continues. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical

personnel.

Inhalation Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for

breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Get medical attention. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery

position and ensure breathing can take place.

Ingestion Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Give a few small glasses of water or milk to drink. Stop if

the affected person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Keep affected person under observation. Get medical

attention if symptoms are severe or persist.

Skin contact Rinse with water.

Eye contact Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Rinse with water. Get medical

attention if any discomfort continues.

Protection of first aiders First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

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General information The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the

length of exposure.

Inhalation A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Pain or irritation. Intoxication.

Narcotic effect. Muscle weakness. Nausea, vomiting.

Ingestion Due to the physical nature of this product, it is unlikely that ingestion will occur.

Skin contact A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Pain.

Eye contact May be slightly irritating to eyes. May cause discomfort.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media The product is not flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry

powder or water fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up.

Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed. If aerosol cans are ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurised contents and

propellant.

Hazardous combustion

products

Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances:

Harmful gases or vapours.

Advice for fire-fighters

Protective actions during

firefighting

Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Evacuate area. Keep upwind to avoid inhalation of gases, vapours, fumes and smoke. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapours and protect men stopping the leak. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.

Special protective equipment

for firefighters

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Fire-fighter's clothing will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. No action shall be

taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Do not touch or walk into

spilled material. Evacuate area. Risk of explosion.

Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground. Avoid discharge to the

aquatic environment.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up

Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Under normal conditions of handling and storage, spillages from aerosol containers are unlikely. If aerosol cans are ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurised contents and propellant. Small Spillages: Wipe up with an absorbent cloth and dispose of waste safely. Large Spillages: If the product is soluble in water, dilute the spillage with water and mop it up. Alternatively, or if it is not water-soluble, absorb the spillage with an inert, dry material and place it in a suitable waste disposal container. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Dangerous for the environment. Do not empty into drains. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections

For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions

Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Avoid exposing aerosol containers to high temperatures or direct sunlight. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Spray will evaporate and cool rapidly and may cause frostbite or cold burns if in contact with skin. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid inhalation of vapours and spray/mists.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions

Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Keep only in the original container. Keep container tightly closed, in a cool, well ventilated place. Keep containers upright. Protect containers from damage. Protect from sunlight. Do not store near heat sources or expose to high temperatures. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.

Storage class

Miscellaneous hazardous material storage.

Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s) The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.

Reference to other sections. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10).

SECTION 8: Exposure controls and personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

METHANOL

Eight-hour time-weighted average: PEL 200 ppm 262 mg/m³

skin

Permissible exposure limit (PEL)

skin = Refers to the potential contribution to the overall exposure by the cutaneous route including mucous membrances and eye, either by air-boRefers to the potential contribution to the overall exposure by the cutaneous route including mucous membranes and eye, either by air-borne or more particularly, by direct contact with the substance.

Ingredient comments WEL = Workplace Exposure Limits ACGIH = US Standard.

Exposure controls

Protective equipment



Appropriate engineering

controls

Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. Ensure the ventilation system is regularly maintained and tested. Good general ventilation should be adequate to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. Observe any occupational exposure limits for the

product or ingredients.

Eye/face protection Unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection is required, the following

protection should be worn: Tight-fitting safety glasses.

Hand protection No specific hand protection recommended. Avoid contact with skin.

Other skin and body

protection

Wear appropriate clothing to prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact.

Hygiene measures Wash after use and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Do not eat, drink or smoke

when using this product.

Respiratory protection Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use. Check that the

respirator fits tightly and the filter is changed regularly. Gas and combination filter cartridges suitable for intended use should be used. Full face mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges suitable for intended use should be used. Half mask and quarter mask respirators

with replaceable filter cartridges suitable for intended use should be used.

Environmental exposure

controls

Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Clear liquid. Aerosol.

ColourColourless.OdourSlight. Ether.

Odour threshold No information available.

pH No information available.

Melting point No information available.

Initial boiling point and range 37°C/99°F @ 101.3 kPa

Flash point The product is not flammable.

Evaporation rate

No information available.

Evaporation factor

No information available.

Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable.

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

Lower flammable/explosive limit: 7.5 %(V) Upper flammable/explosive limit: 9.0 %(V)

Other flammability The product is not flammable. Aerosol ignition distance: none at 0.0 cm

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Vapour pressure 65 kPa @ 25°C

Vapour density 4.0

Relative density 1.31

Bulk density No information available.

Solubility(ies) Slightly soluble in water.

Partition coefficient No information available.

Auto-ignition temperature No information available.

Decomposition temperature No information available.

Viscosity No information available.

Explosive properties No information available.

Comments Aerosol.

Global Warming Potential

(GWP)

Surface tension

Refractive index No information available.

Particle size Not applicable.

Molecular weight Not applicable.

Volatility 100%

Saturation concentration No information available.

Critical temperature No information available.

Volatile organic compound No information available.

Heat of vaporization (at boiling

point), cal/g (Btu/lb)

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity See the other subsections of this section for further details.

Stability Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the

prescribed storage conditions.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

No potentially hazardous reactions known.

Conditions to avoid Avoid exposing aerosol containers to high temperatures or direct sunlight. Pressurised

container: may burst if heated

Materials to avoid No specific material or group of materials is likely to react with the product to produce a

hazardous situation.

Hazardous decomposition

products

Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapours.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

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Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD₅₀) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

ATE oral (mg/kg) 500.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

ATE dermal (mg/kg) 7,500.0

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC50) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l) 25.78

ATE inhalation (dusts/mists

mg/l)

12.5

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitization

Skin sensitization Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitro Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

IARC carcinogenicityNone of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertility Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity -

development

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure STOT SE 2 - H371 May cause damage to organs.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazardBased on available data the classification criteria are not met.

General information The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the

length of exposure.

Inhalation A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Pain or irritation. Intoxication.

Narcotic effect. Muscle weakness. Nausea, vomiting.

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Ingestion Due to the physical nature of this product, it is unlikely that ingestion will occur.

Skin contact A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Pain.

Eye contact May be slightly irritating to eyes. May cause discomfort.

Route of entry Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact

Target organs No specific target organs known.

Toxicological information on ingredients

trans-1,2-DICHLOROETHYLENE

Other health effects There is no evidence that the product can cause cancer.

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD50

mg/kg)

7,902.0

Species Rat

ATE oral (mg/kg) 7,902.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀ 5,000.0

mg/kg)

3,000.0

Species Rat

ATE dermal (mg/kg) 5,000.0

Acute toxicity - inhalation

ATE inhalation (vapours

11.0

mg/l)

Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin corrosion/irritation Prolonged and frequent contact may cause redness and irritation.

Animal data Slightly irritating. Rabbit

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation

Supplier's information. Rabbit 500 mg 24 hours Causes mild skin irritation.

Respiratory sensitization

Respiratory sensitization No specific test data are available.

Skin sensitization

Skin sensitization No specific test data are available.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitroThis substance has no evidence of mutagenic properties.

Genotoxicity - in vivo This substance has no evidence of mutagenic properties.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity No specific test data are available.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

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STOT - single exposure NOAEL Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure NOAEL 16 mg/l, 90 days

Target organs Endocrine system Liver Kidneys Bladder Respiratory tract

1,1,1,3,3-PENTAFLUOROBUTANE

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Acute toxicity inhalation 100,000.0

(LC₅₀ vapours mg/l)

ATE inhalation (vapours 100,000.0

mg/l)

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure LOAEL 75100 ppm, Inhalation,

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure NOAEC 6 mg/l, Inhalation, Rat

Target organs Liver Kidneys

1,1,1,2,2,3,4,5,5,5-decafluoropentane

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ 5,000.0

mg/kg)

Species Rat

ATE oral (mg/kg) 5,000.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀ 5,000.0

mg/kg)

Species Rat

ATE dermal (mg/kg) 5,000.0

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Acute toxicity inhalation 114.0

(LC₅₀ vapours mg/l)

Species Rat

ATE inhalation (vapours 114.0

mg/l)

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Not irritating. Rabbit

Human skin model test Data lacking.

Extreme pH Not applicable. Not corrosive to skin.

Serious eye damage/irritation

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Serious eye Not i

damage/irritation

Not irritating. Rabbit

Respiratory sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Data lacking.

Skin sensitization

Skin sensitization Not sensitizing. - Guinea pig: Not sensitizing.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitroThis substance has no evidence of mutagenic properties.

Genotoxicity - in vivoThis substance has no evidence of mutagenic properties.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity Does not contain any substances known to be carcinogenic.

IARC carcinogenicity Not listed.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity -

fertility

No evidence of reproductive toxicity in animal studies.

Skin contact Skin irritation should not occur when used as recommended. May cause defatting

of the skin but is not an irritant.

Eye contact May cause eye irritation.

Acute and chronic health

hazards

There is no evidence that the product can cause cancer.

HFC-134a Tetrafluoroethane

Other health effects There is no evidence that the product can cause cancer.

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Acute toxicity inhalation

(LC₅₀ gases ppmV)

567,000.0

Species Rat

ATE inhalation (gases

ppmV)

567,000.0

Inhalation Vapours irritate the respiratory system. May cause coughing and difficulties in

breathing.

Ingestion May cause stomach pain or vomiting. May cause nausea, headache, dizziness and

intoxication.

Skin contact May cause allergic contact eczema. Contact with liquid form may cause frostbite.

Eye contact May cause temporary eye irritation.

METHANOL

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD₅₀) Acute Tox. 3 - H301 Toxic if swallowed.

ATE oral (mg/kg) 100.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD₅o) Acute Tox. 3 - H311 Toxic in contact with skin.

ATE dermal (mg/kg) 300.0

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC₅₀) Acute Tox. 3 - H331 Toxic if inhaled.

ATE inhalation (vapours

mg/l)

3.0

0.5

ATE inhalation

(dusts/mists mg/l)

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Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Respiratory sensitization

Serious eye Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

damage/irritation

Respiratory sensitization Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitization

Skin sensitization Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitroBased on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

IARC carcinogenicity None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity -

fertility

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity -

. development Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure STOT SE 1 - H370 Causes damage to organs .

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

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General information The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration

and the length of exposure.

Inhalation A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Drowsiness, dizziness,

disorientation, vertigo. Unconsciousness. High concentrations may be fatal.

Ingestion May cause stomach pain or vomiting. May cause severe internal injury.

Skin contact A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Pain.

Eye contact No specific symptoms known.

Route of entry Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact

Target organs No specific target organs known.

SECTION 12: Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity There are no data on the ecotoxicity of this product.

Ecological information on ingredients

trans-1,2-DICHLOROETHYLENE

Ecotoxicity Harmful to aquatic life. May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

1,1,1,2,2,3,4,5,5,5-decafluoropentane

Ecotoxicity It is unlikely that the substance will dissolve in water in amounts big enough to have

a toxic effect on fish and daphnies.

METHANOL

Ecotoxicity Not regarded as dangerous for the environment. However, large or frequent spills

may have hazardous effects on the environment.

Toxicity Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Ecological information on ingredients

trans-1,2-DICHLOROETHYLENE

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LC₅₀, 96 hours: 135 mg/l, Fish

Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

EC₅₀, 48 hours: 220 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Acute toxicity - aquatic

plants

LC₅₀, 72 hours: 36.36 mg/l, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata

Chronic aquatic toxicity

Chronic toxicity - fish early NOEC, 48 hours: 110,000 mg/l, Daphnia magna

life stage

1,1,1,2,2,3,4,5,5,5-decafluoropentane

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LC₅₀, 96 hours: 13.9 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)

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Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

LC₅₀, 48 hours: 11.7 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Acute toxicity - aquatic

plants

EC₅₀, 72 hours: >120 mg/l, Algae

HFC-134a Tetrafluoroethane

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LC₅₀, 96 hours: 450 mg/l, Fish

Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

EC₅₀, 48 hours: 980 mg/l, Daphnia magna

METHANOL

Toxicity Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LC₅₀, 96 hours: >100 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow)

Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

EC₅o, 48 hours: >10000 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability The degradability of the product is not known.

Ecological information on ingredients

trans-1,2-DICHLOROETHYLENE

Biodegradation Not readily biodegradable.

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D

METHANOL

Persistence and

degradability

The degradability of the product is not known.

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

Partition coefficient No information available.

Ecological information on ingredients

trans-1,2-DICHLOROETHYLENE

Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulation is unlikely to be significant because of the low water-solubility of

this product.

Partition coefficient log Pow: 2.06

1,1,1,2,2,3,4,5,5,5-decafluoropentane

Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulation is unlikely to be significant because of the low water-solubility of

this product.

Partition coefficient Pow: 2.7

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HFC-134a Tetrafluoroethane

Partition coefficient Pow: 1.06

METHANOL

Bioaccumulative potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

Partition coefficient : -0.77

Mobility in soil

Mobility The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate easily from all

surfaces.

Ecological information on ingredients

trans-1,2-DICHLOROETHYLENE

Mobility The product has poor water-solubility.

METHANOL

Mobility No data available.

Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects None known.

Ecological information on ingredients

METHANOL

Other adverse effects None known.

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SECTION 13: Disposal information

Waste treatment methods

General information The generation of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle

products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product

residues and hence be potentially hazardous.

Disposal methodsDo not empty into drains. Empty containers must not be punctured or incinerated because of

the risk of an explosion. Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers,

labelled with their contents.

SECTION 14: Transportation information

UN number

UN No. (ICAO)

UN No. (IMDG) 1950

UN proper shipping name

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Proper shipping name

(Road/Rail)

LIMITED QUANTITY

Proper shipping name

(IMDG)

UN1950 AEROSOLS, NON-FLAMMABLE, 2.2, LIMITED QUANTITY

Proper shipping name (ICAO) UN1950 AEROSOLS, NON-FLAMMABLE, 2.2, LIMITED QUANTITY

Transport hazard class(es)

IMDG class 2.2 LIMITED QUANTITY

ICAO class/division 2.2 LIMITED QUANTITY

Packing group

Environmental hazards

Special precautions for user

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable. No information required.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the substance or mixture

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

IATA: International air transport association.

ICAO: Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air.

IMDG: International maritime dangerous goods.

CAS: Chemical abstracts service. ATE: Acute toxicity estimate.

LC₅₀: Lethal concentration to 50 % of a test population.

LD₅₀: Lethal dose to 50% of a test population (median lethal dose).

EC₅: 50% of maximal effective concentration.

PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic substance.

vPvB: Very persistent and very bioaccumulative.

Classification abbreviations

and acronyms

Aerosol = Aerosol

STOT SE = Specific target organ toxicity-single exposure

Aquatic Chronic = Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic)

Training advice Only trained personnel should use this material.

Revision date 1/6/2021

Revision 77

Supersedes date 21/5/2021

SDS number AEROSOL - FRC

SDS status Approved.

Hazard statements in full H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated.

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

H301 Toxic if swallowed. H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H311 Toxic if in contact with skin. H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H331 Toxic if inhaled. H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child.

H370 Causes damage to organs .

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.